Rules nor the Furlough Rules of 1868 are, *as respects furlough on private affairs*, applicable to British officers serving with their regiments or employed with a five years' tenure in staff situations (see para 4).

"But officers of the late Indian Army who hold permanent appointments under the Governments of India, and who may have elected to abide by the Furlough Rules of 1854, in preference to those of 1868, of course retain their election."

2. For the 3rd clause of paragraph 5 substitute the following as clauses 3 and 4 :—

Pay allowed them during furlough.

§ 3. Such officers will be allowed an advance of passage money, or free passage in a troopship if proceeding in the trooping season, the advance to be refunded on receipt of the balance of furlough pay. The English rate of pay of their rank only will be passed to them during their leave; but at its conclusion, on their presenting an order for them to return to India, the difference between that rate and furlough pay, less the passage money they have received, will be paid to them in England conditionally on its refund if the order to return to India is not carried out.

§ 4. Those Royal Engineer officers who arrived in India before the 1st July 1872 are, however, not subject to the provisions of the preceding clause as long as they do not exchange Indian for home service, but draw furlough pay during furlough as others.

3. After clause 4 of the same paragraph (para 5) add the following :—

A British officer vacating appointment becomes, on re-employment, again eligible to these rules.

§ 5. An officer of the British service holding permanent staff employ under the Government who may proceed on furlough under circumstances which involve the forfeiture of his appointment, must obtain the furlough as a British regimental officer, and it will reckon as a portion of the aggregate eight years of furlough on pay to which an officer is restricted during his service by Rule XVI. But, on again becoming permanently employed, he resumes the right of obtaining furlough under these rules.

4. Instead of the concluding sentence of Clause 1 of Rule XXII, following the words "if he possess one," read—.

"The aggregate staff salary granted to the acting officer in such cases will not be less than Rs. 100 per mensem unless the full staff salary of the post in which he is officiating is less than that sum."

5. At the end of Rule XXII insert the following Note:—

NOTE.—The indulgence granted by § 1 of this rule is only allowed to one *directly* officiating in the place of the officer absent on furlough, not to one acting in the room of an officer who is himself acting for an absentee on furlough.

No. 133. *The 23rd July* 1874.

Mr. Pope, B. A., delivered over, and Mr. C. Waters, M. A., received, charge of the High School, on the forenoon of the 21st July 1874.

"By Order,"
H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

Notification by the Chief Commissioner of Coorg.

GENERAL.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 12. *The 20th July* 1874.

The privilege leave for one month granted to Major H. G. Thomson, Superintendent of Coorg, in Notification No. 8, dated 27th June last, is, at his own request, cancelled.

"By Order,"
H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.